1	2	3	4	5
5.	Madhya Pradesh	1998-99	255.00	UC yet to be received for Rs. 79.00 Lakh
		1999-2000	Nil	—
		2000-2001	Nil	—
6.	Orissa	1998-99	200.00	UC received
		1999-2000	200.00	UC received
		2000-2001	192.00	UC yet to be received
7.	Maharashtra	1998-99	100.00	UC received
		1999-2000	Nil	—
		2000-2001	350.00	UC yet to be received
8.	Rajasthan	1998-99	Nil	
		1999-2000	25.00	UC received
		2000-2001	—	—
9.	Tripura	1998-99	Nil	
		1999-2000	50.00	UC yet to be received
		2000-2001	—	—
10.	West Bengal	1998-99		
		1999-2000	50.00	UC receoved
		2000-2001	—	—

Steps to increase the literacy rate among the Tribals

†2502. SHRI BRATIN SENGUPTA: Will the Minister of TRIBAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the national literacy rate of Scheduled Tribes as per the last Census, State-wise;

(b) the literacy rate of tribal males and females, separately, State-wise;

(c) whether any efforts have been made to increase the literacy rate among the tribals;

(d) if so, the details of Government sponsored schemes for this purpose; and

(e) the details of the progress made in this regard, so far?

†Original notice of the Question was received in Hindi.

THE MINISTER OF TRIBAL AFFAIRS (SHRI JUAL ORAM): (a) and (b) A statement-I is laid on the Table of the House (*See* below).

(c) Yes, Sir.

(d) The Ministry of Tribal Affairs is implementing various Centrally Sponsored/Central Sector programmes like Girls' Hostel and Boys' Hostels for STs, establishment of Ashram Schools in Tribal Sub-plan areas, educational complexes in low literacy pockets for educational development of ST girls in tribal areas, grants to NGOs for running educational institutions to increase the literacy rate among the tribals. Ministry of Tribal Affairs is the nodal Agency for overall policy, Planning and Coordination of programmes and schemes for welfare and development of Scheduled Tribes whereas concerned central Ministries/Departments and State Governments are responsible for proper implementation of Various sectoral programmes in the State/UTs. The efforts made by the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Deptt. of Elementary Education and Literacy to increase the literacy rate among STs is laid on the Table of the House as Statement-II. (*See* below)

(e) Under literacy campaign, against the target of 169.88 lakhs STs, 73.70 lakhs STs have been made literate as on 31.3.1999.

Statement-I

State-wise literacy-rate of Scheduled Tribes

(As per 1991 census)

S. No.	State/Union Territory	Literacy Rates of Scheduled Tribes		
		Person	Male	Female
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Preadesh	17.16	25.25	8.68
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	34.45	44.00	24.94
3.	Assam	49.16	58.93	38.98
4.	Bihar	26.78	38.40	14.75
5.	Goa	42.91	54.43	29.01
6.	Gujarat	36.45	48.25	24.20

1	2	3	4	5
7.	Himachal Pradesh	47.09	62.74	31.18
8.	Jammu & Kashmir*	—	—	—
9.	Karnataka	36.01	47.95	23.57
10.	Kerala	57.22	63.38	51.07
11.	Madhya Pradesh	21.54	32.16	10.73
12.	Maharashtra	36.79	49.09	24.03
13.	Manipur	53.63	62.39	44.48
14.	Meghalaya	46.71	59.78	43.63
15.	Mizoram	82.71	86.66	78.70
16.	Nagaland	60.59	66.27	54.51
17.	Orissa	22.31	34.44	10.21
18.	Rajasthan	19.44	33.29	4.42
19.	Sikkim	59.01	66.80	50.37
20.	Tamil Nadu	27.89	35.25	20.23
21.	Tripura	40.37	52.88	27.34
22.	Uttar Pradesh	35.70	49.95	19.86
23.	West Bengal	27.28	40.07	14.98
24.	A & N Island	56.62	64.16	48.74
25.	D & N Haveli	28.21	40.75	15.94
26.	Daman & Diu	52.91	63.58	41.49
27.	Lakshadweep	80.58	89.50	71.72
	India	29.60	40.65	18.19

*Census was not held in Jammu & Kashmir

Statement-II

Specific steps taken by Govt. to improve literacy among Scheduled Tribes

In the literacy campaigns, the Scheduled Tribes are specially targetted. These campaigns reach out to areas of the country, which are most backward, illiterate and poverty-stricken. Areas of Scheduled Tribe concentration are covered on a priority basis and these groups are invariably accessed to a greater degree.

The three pronged strategy for increasing literacy in the country consists of:

(i) Universalisation of Elementary Education,

(ii) Non-Formal Education for School Drop-outs in the age group on 9—14 years and;

(iii) Literacy Campaigns for adult learners in the age group of 15—35 years & Continuing Education Schemes of the National Literacy Mission.

The Specific Steps being taken by the Government to improve literacy among Scheduled Tribes include;

Funding of Literacy projects by Central and State Governments in the ratio of 4:1 for Tribal districts as against 2:1 for other areas; opening of primary schools on priority basis, development of instructional material in tribal languages at the initial stages, establishment of hostels, residential schools, provision of scholarships and freeships; launching of District Primary Education Programme in backward districts with low female literacy rates. A scheme for free education for girls called the National Programme for Women's Education is being finalised. Recently Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan has been approved as a programme for universalisation of elementary education.

Causes of resentment in scheduled tribal areas

†2503. SHRI ANANTRAY DEVSHANKER DAVE: Will the Minister of TRIBAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have ascertained the causes of resentment in tribal areas, particularly in the areas under Fifth and Sixth Schedule of the country;

(b) if so, the reasons therefor, and the measures taken by the Central Government and State Governments to check such tendency;

(c) whether it is the responsibility of the Central Government to provide better governance in such scheduled areas; and

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†Original notice of the Question was received in Hindi.